

A GLOBAL DISTRICT IN A GLOBAL CITY

SENIOR PARENT COLLEGE NIGHT

DO FIRST: THINK. PAIR. SHARE.

My student's college application is going...

 excites me the me the most about my student's college process.

 concerns me the most about my student's college process.

COMMON QUESTION:

-"What is this thing called "college"?"

"How can I assist my student through the college

process?"

"Where's the money?"

"So my student has been admitted, now what?"

SESSION OVERVIEW

- East Early CHS College Center Team Introduction
- Defining College
- College Admissions Process
- College Affordability
- Resources

EAST EARLY COLLEGE HS COLLEGE CENTER TEAM

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College

An educational or establishment offering instruction in a professional, vocational, or technical field.

TYPES OF COLLEGES

Two Year Community Colleges

- 2 year Associates' Programs
- 1 year Certificate Programs
- Degrees may be earned at community, technical, vocational colleges.
- Students can transfer to 4 year colleges/universities

Four Year Universities

- 4 year Bachelors' Degrees
- Typically four to six years (depending on academic program)
- Normally entails a core curriculum
- Bachelors of Arts or Bachelors of Science

Professional Schools

- Law School (3 years after a four year university)
- Medical School (5 years after a four year university)
- Pharmacy School (4 years after 2 to 4 years of university study)

COLLEGE VOCABULARY

College Credit Hour (s)

- Another name for the number of credits you take
- Hours also = length of time in a class a week

Full time or Full Load

Degree vs. Major

- Degree = how many years you go to college.
 - One year = certificate
 - Two years = associates
 - Four years = bachelors
- Major = what you study.

College vs. University

- Community College = 2 years
- University = 4 years or more
- College (used just by itself) = any place you study after high school.

COLLEGE ADMISSIONS PROCESS

"HOW CAN I ASSIST MY STUDENT THROUGH THE COLLEGE PROCESS?"



KEY COLLEGE ADMISSION TERMS

- College Admissions the process for getting accepted into a college.
- Application/ Acceptance/ Admission Application is what a student needs to do, in order to be considered be a college.
- College Application Essay an essay that a college requires students to write and submit as part of their college application file. Some colleges offer applicants specific questions to answer, while other simply ask applicants to write about themselves. Colleges may refer to this as a "personal statement."
- **College Credit** What a student receives when they successfully complete a college-level course. Students need a certain number of credits to graduate with a degree.
- Placement Test test that measure the academic skills needed for college-level work. The
 cover reading, writing, math, and sometimes other subjects. Placement test results help
 determine what courses student are ready for and whether the you would benefit from
 remedial classes.
 - The Texas Success Initiative Assessment (TSI) is an example of a placement test used for all incoming college students.
- **Priority Date or Deadline** the date by which your application whether it's for college admission, student housing, financial aid must be received to be given the strongest consideration.

BUILDING A COLLEGE LIST: "REACH" "TARGET" "SAFETY"

- Reach School A college or university where a student's academic profile
 is below the institution's admission requirements. Although they do not
 meet the requirements, their academic profile is not too far outside the
 average admit range.
 - Example: A student's Dream School they would love to attend in the fall but do not meet admissions requirements
- Target School A college or university where a student's academic profile meets 1 or 2 admission requirement, but not all of them. There is a possibility of gaining admission.
 - Example: Applicant may meet the testing requirement, but their GPA is below the admission requirement.



SAFETY SCHOOL = ASSURED ADMISSIONS

- Safety School A college or university where a student met all the admission requirements. Potentially gain automatic acceptance to the institution based off their academic profile.
 - Example: you have met SAT/ ACT requirements, GPA, and quartile.
- Having a list of Safety Schools will guarantee
 - Automatic entrance to the college or University (Students will receive an acceptance letter).
 - A safety school will give students the option to select the college or university they would like to attend.



WHAT IS "ASSURED ADMISSIONS" IN TEXAS?

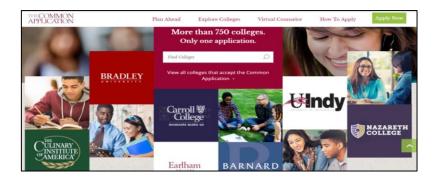
Assured admission is based on the required combination of the high school class rank and college entrance test scores as indicated below. The State of Texas guarantees automatic admissions to all state-funded universities in the state.

Top 6%	Top 7-10%	Top 11-25%	Top 26-50%	Top 51-75%	Top 76-100%		1	
1st Quarter			2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter	Notes		
SAT/ACT	SAT/ACT	SAT/ACT	SAT/ACT	SAT/ACT	SAT/ACT			
No Min			Review					
No Mi	nimum		Rev	iew				
No Minimum		1360/30	Review			┪.		
No Minimum		1360/30	Review			[⊤] *Students with		
No Mi	nimum	1180/24	1260/26	1290/27	Review			
No Mi	nimum	1080/21	1170/24	Review		⊤ assured		
No Mi	nimum	1030/20	1130/23	1250/26	Review	admissions must "file complete"		
No Mi	nimum	1020/20	1060/21	1100/22	1130/23			
No Mi	nimum	1000/20	1090/22	1250/26	1330/29			
No Minimum		930/18	1010/20	1080/21		with each	with each college	
No Minimum		930/17	1030/20	1170/24	Review	to receive a form		
No Minimum		900/17		Review		T to receive a form		
No Mi	nimum	830/15	910/17	1030/20	1140/23	□ acceptance.		
No Mi	nimum		GPA>2.5 and 900/17					
No Mi	imum 800/15		GPA >2.75 and 800/15]	
No Minimum		1170/24 Review			1			
No Minimum		1130/22 Review]			
No Minimum		1080/21	1170/23	1270/27]		
No Minimum		1080/21	Review]		
No Minimum		1070/21	1140/23	1180/24]		
No Minimum		1060/21		No min for top 30%]			
No Minimum		980/19	980/19	980/19	No min for top 40%]		
No Minimum		940/18	1060/21	1130/23	Min GPA of 2.0] [
	SAT/ACT No Min No Min	SAT/ACT SAT/ACT No Min No Minimum No Mi	Top 6% Top 7-10% Top 11-25% 1st Quarter SAT/ACT SAT/ACT No Min SAT/ACT SAT/ACT No Minimum 1360/30 1360/30 No Minimum 1360/30 1360/30 No Minimum 1080/21 1080/21 No Minimum 1030/20 1000/20 No Minimum 1000/20 1000/20 No Minimum 930/17 900 No Minimum 830/15 1000/15 No Minimum No Minimum No Minimum No Minimum No Minimum No Minimum	Top 6% Top 7-10% Top 11-25% Top 26-50% 1st Quarter 2nd Quarter SAT/ACT SAT/ACT SAT/ACT No Min Review No Minimum 1360/30 No Minimum 1360/30 No Minimum 1180/24 1260/26 No Minimum 1080/21 1170/24 No Minimum 1030/20 1130/23 No Minimum 1020/20 1060/21 No Minimum 930/18 1010/20 No Minimum 930/17 1030/20 No Minimum 930/17 1030/20 No Minimum 900/17 1030/20 No Minimum 830/15 910/17 No Minimum 6PA>2.5 and 900/17 No Minimum 1130/22 No Minimum 1130/22 No Minimum 1080/21 No Minimum 1080/21 No Minimum 1070/21 No Minimum 980/19	Top 6% Top 7-10% Top 11-25% Top 26-50% Top 51-75% SAT/ACT Review No Minimum 1180/24 1260/26 1290/27 Review Review Review Review Review Review Review	SAT/ACT SAT	Top 6%	

MOST COMMONLY USED APPLICATION PLATFORMS

The Common Application

- **Explore** Research on 750 colleges and universities from across the world.
 - 13 Texas Public and Private institutions are affiliated with The CommonApp.
- Apply Complete and submit an application to your choice institution .
- Repeat Apply to more institutions using ONE application.
- The Common Application include 2 main components:
 - The Common Application Profile.
 - Supplemental College Application (requirements varies by college).



ApplyTexas Application

- **Explore** Search 2-year and 4-year institutions in Texas.
 - All Public Texas institutions
 - 21 Private Texas institutions
- Apply Complete and submit an application to your choice institution .
- Repeat Apply to more institutions using the same application.
- Apply for scholarships and submit college application essays.*



WHAT ARE TEST OPTIONAL SCHOOLS

 A test-optional admissions policy means some applicants can choose not to submit SAT or ACT scores. The rules vary per college. Some colleges may require applicants to provide supplemental information in place of test.

Benefits

- Admissions flexibility for students who do not test well
 (i.e., students with strong GPA and low test scores)
- Focus on other portions of the application

 (i.e., extracurricular activities, experiences, personal statement)









ASSURED ADMISSION VS. HOLISTIC REVIEW

Assured Admission

Guaranteed admission based on class rank and/or test score (i.e., top 10%)

 Students who are "file complete" and are guaranteed admission, will receive an acceptance letter from any Texas public institution.



Holistic Review

Admission based on the review of all application items

- GPA/Rank
 - Academic Rigor
- SAT or ACT score
- Resume
 - Extracurricular activities
 - Leadership experiences
 - Talents Awards
- Essays
- Letter(s) of recommendation
- Interview(s) (more selective institutions)



COLLEGE ADMISSION REVIEW PROCESS

STUDENTS: WHICH COLLEGE ADMISSION PROCESS BEST SUITS YOU?

Non-Restrictive Application Plans

Regular Decision

DEFINITION:

Students submit an application by a specified date and receive a decision in a clearly stated period of time.

COMMITMENT: NON-BINDING

Rolling Admission

DEFINITION:

Institutions review applications as they are submitted and render admission decisions throughout the admission cycle.

COMMITMENT:

NON-BINDING

Early Action (EA)

DEFINITION:

Students apply early and receive a decision well in advance of the institution's regular response date.

COMMITMENT:

NON-BINDING

Students are not restricted from applying to other institutions and have until May 1 to consider their options and confirm enrollment.



Restrictive Application Plans

Early Decision (ED)

DEFINITION:

Students make a commitment to a first-choice institution where. if admitted they definitely will enroll. The application deadline and decision deadline occur early.

COMMITMENT:

BINDING

Restrictive Early Action (REA)

DEFINITION:

Students apply to an institution of preference and receive a decision early. They may be restricted from applying ED or EA or REA to other institutions. If offered enrollment, they have until May 1 to confirm.

COMMITMENT: BINDING

Students are responsible for determining and following restrictions.

(NACAC, 2016)



WHAT DOES IT MEAN TO BE "FILE COMPLETE"

- Complete Admission File An applicant is considered "file complete" once the application and ALL required documents are submitted. Files must be received on or before the institution's admissions deadline.
- Required documents (*if applicable)
 - Essay
 - Application fee/Fee waiver
 - Official high school transcript
 - Official test scores (SAT/ACT/ SAT Subject Test)
 - Permanent Resident Card or I-551*
 - Senate Bill 1528 Affidavit*
 - Letter of Recommendation



STANDARDIZED TESTING

SAT

College Admissions Process

- No point penalty for wrong answers
- 2 Sections
 - Evidence Based Reading and Writing
 - Math
 - Optional Essay (Strongly recommended)
- Score: Min 200, Max 800 per section
- Length: 3 hours and 50 minutes
- Send your own scores
- Costs \$54.50
 - Waivers available for students on free/reduced lunch

ACT

College Admissions Process

- No point penalty for wrong answers
- 4 Sections
 - English
 - Math
 - Reading
 - Science
 - Writing optional (Strongly Recommended)
- Score: Scale of 1-36
- Length: 3 hours and 50 minutes
- Send your own scores
- Costs \$56.50 w/writing
 - Waivers available if on free/reduced lunch

TSI

Placement Test

The **T**exas **S**uccess **I**nitiative (TSI) Assessment is to determine if a student is ready for college-level work in the areas of **reading**, **writing**, and **math**. Success in these areas can help the student complete their college degree or certificate program.

^{*}Students on free/reduced lunch can send an unlimited amount of score reports.

COLLEGE ADMISSIONS TIMELINE

October

- FAFSA/TASFA/CSS available Oct 1st
 - First Come/First Serve
- Finalize college essays (if applicable)
- Continue submitting college applications
- Follow Up with your Recommenders (if applicable)
- Submit supplemental information to colleges

November/December

- Early Admissions application deadlines begin (Nov 1, 15, 30)
- Finalize your college admissions applications (if applicable)
- Check admissions status and verify that all documents have been submitted
- Submit financial aid application ASAP



COLLEGE AFFORDABILITY

DON'T LET THE PRICE TAG SCARE YOU!



KEY COLLEGE AFFORDABILITY TERMS

- **Financial Aid** refers to money awarded to students to help pay for college.
- **Scholarship** money awarded to students based on academic or other achievements to help pay for education expenses. Scholarships generally do not have to be repaid.
 - Need-based scholarships are awarded based on a student's family income. Grades and test scores have no bearing on this.
 - Academic (Merit) scholarships are based on a variety of components, such as your performance and involvement in high school.
- **Subsidized Loan** a loan based on financial need for which the federal government generally pays the interest that accrues while the borrowers is in an in-school, grace, or deferment status.
- **Unsubsidized Loan** a loan for which the borrower is fully responsible for paying the interest regardless of the loan status. Interest on unsubsidized loans accrues from the date of disbursement and continues throughout the life of the loan.
- **Verification** the process your school uses to confirm that the data reported on your FAFSA form is accurate. Your school has the authority to contact you for documentation that support income and other information that you reported.
- **Work-study** a refer student aid program that provides part-time employment while you are enroll in school to help pay for educational expenses.



CHECK YOUR KNOWLEDGE

What makes up the sticker price of a college?



WHAT DOES COLLEGE COST?



Tuition & Fees: The amount a students pays for college classes and any extra fees.



Books & Supplies: Textbooks needed for each class and any additional supplies or required materials



Room & Board: The cost for living on campus and eating meals on campus.



Personal & Transportation: Any additional expenses such as laundry, cell phone service, going out money, and flights home throughout the year.

= Cost of Attendance

COST OF ATTENDANCE

DIRECT COSTS

- Tuition and Fees
- Room and Board



INDIRECT COSTS

- Books and Supplies
- Travel Expenses
- Miscellaneous or Personal Expenses

Direct Costs + Indirect Costs = Cost of Attendance

Direct Costs, on average, are the primary items included in the student bill.

COST OF ATTENDANCE BREAKDOWN

	In-State	Out-of-State	
	Public College	Public College	Private College
	or	or	or
	Public University	Public University	Private University
Tuition	\$9,410	\$22,500	\$32,410
Books	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000
Student Fees	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000
Room and Board	\$8,500	\$8,500	\$8,250
Travel	\$500	\$500	\$500
Entertainment	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000
Total	\$21,410	\$34,500	\$44,160

CHECK YOUR KNOWLEDGE

How do students apply for financial aid?

Are there multiple types of financial aid applications, or is there one general financial aid application?

TYPE OF FINANCIAL AID

Need-based or academic (merit) – based

SCHOLARHIPS

GRANTS

Need-based or academic (merit) – based

Do not have to pay back (FREE)

Do not have to pay back (FREE)

Students work on campus and get paid

WORK-STUDY

LOANS

Must pay back

With/without interest

BENEFITS OF COMPLETING THE FINANCIAL AID PROCESS

- Applying for financial aid helps students automatically qualify for
 - The Federal Pell Grant (max of \$6,095) [not TASFA]
 - Scholarships offered by the university
 - Grants offered by the university
- Even if you don't think you qualify for financial aid, completing the FAFSA, or TASFA, and or CSS Profile will allow colleges to see what other scholarships & grants a student can qualify for

STEPS TO HAVING A SUCCESSFUL FINANCIAL AID PROCESS

- 1. Gather Information
- 2. Determine Dependency Status
- 3. Create FSA ID
- 4. Apply for Financial Aid
- 5. Review Student Aid Report
- 6. Verification Steps & Updates



TYPES OF FINANCIAL AID APPLICATIONS

FAFSA

- US Citizen
- Permanent Resident
- Refugee or Asylum
- Visa (please check website for eligible Visa requirements)

OR

TASFA

- TX Resident (3+ years)
- HS Grad/GED
- Temporary Residents (DACA/Work Permit)
- Undocumented Students

CSS PROFILE

- Non-federal financial aid over 400 colleges/universities.
- All students can complete the application
- Not required by all <u>institutions*</u>
- \$25 Initial application fee, \$16 for Additional Reports*
 - For eligible students, the CSS Profile waiver will cover **ALL** applications and reporting fees.
- Collegeboard Account Required

DEPENDENCY STATUS

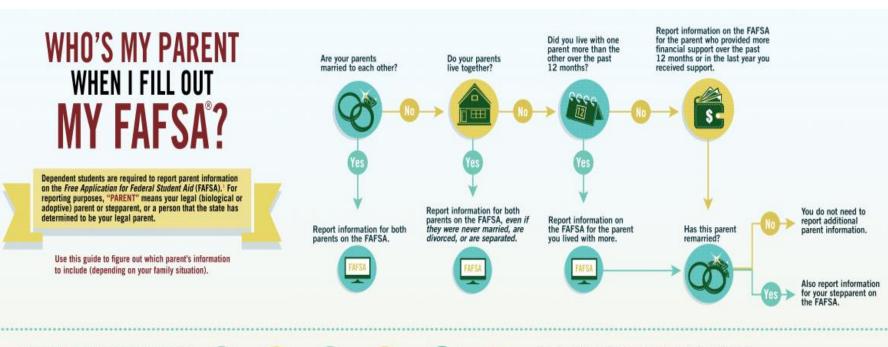
You are a dependent if:

- You live with your biological parent(s)/legal guardian
- Parent(s)/Legal guardian pays over 50% of your expenses

You are an **independent** if:

- Student has a child and pays over 50% of child's expenses
- 24 years or older
- Married
- Unaccompanied Homeless youth, orphan, foster care, ward of state
- Military

DEPENDENCY STATUS



The following people are not your parents unless they have legally adopted you:







its



Legal Guardians





Aunts or Uncl

If you're not sure whom to report as a parent, you can visit StudentAid.ed.gov/fafsa/filling-out/parent-info or call 800-4-FED-AID (800-433-3243).

If you're not sure whether you are a dependent student, go to StudentAid.gov/fafsa/filling-out/dependency



PROUD SPONSOR of the AMERICAN MIND®

UNACCOMPANIED HOMELESS YOUTH

 Talk to counselor if you live with anyone else besides biological parents

Including: aunts, uncles, siblings, grandparents etc.

Can I use them on my taxes?

No. Unless there is a court order for legal guardianship, you are considered an **INDEPENDENT STUDENT**

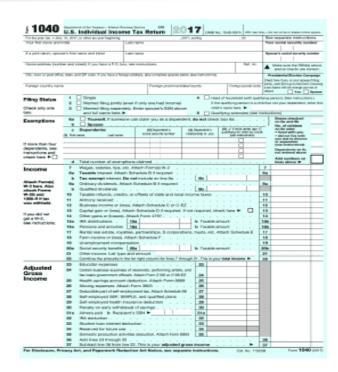
TAX INFORMATION





W2 Form

Your parents (and you if you work) receive this from their place of employment starting Jan 1st



1040 Tax Return

After filing taxes, your parents (and you if you worked) will receive this.

FREE APPLICATION FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID

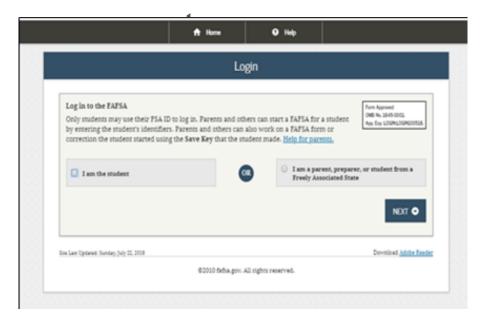


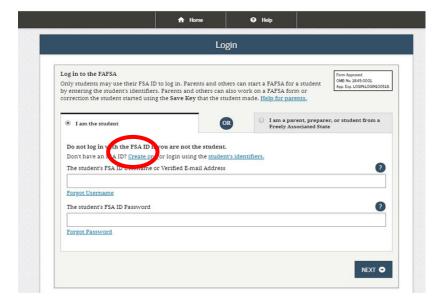
FAFSA = Free Application for Federal Student Aid

- Web page <u>www.fafsa.ed.gov</u>
- Application opens October 1st
- Parent(s)/Student's social security number
- Permanent resident card (If applicable)
- Parent(s)/Student's date of birth
- 2017 Parent(s)/ Student's tax information*
- Selective Service is MANDATORY for male students completing the FAFSA

CREATE FSA ID

The FSA ID is a username and password that must be used to log in to your FAFSA





TEXAS APPLICATION FOR STATE FINANCIAL AID

Student requirements

- Paper Application <u>collegeforalltexans.com</u>
- Application available October 1ST
- Student's date of birth
- Student's 2017 Tax Information (if applicable)
- IRS Non-Filer Letter (if applicable)
- SB 1528 Affidavit
- Student university ID # for each college
- Selective Service Registration Card (male students)

A copy of application and supplemental documents should be sent to <u>EACH</u> college applied to.

Parent Requirements

- Parent date of birth
- Marriage Date (if applicable)
- 2017 Income Tax Return & Tax Transcript
- IRS Non-Filer Letter (if applicable)

Parent information is required unless student is classified as independent.

	19 TASF		July 1, 2	2018 – June 30, 2019
administered by institutions aid using the Free Application www.fafsa.ed.gov	rate Financial Aid (TASFA) is used to colle s of higher education in the state of Texa on for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) are er he financial aid office at the institution yo ution that you plan to attend. This applic	s. Students that are cla ncouraged to complete ou plan to attend for th	assified as a Texas Resident who c e the TASFA. To review the FAFSA he 2018-19 award year. Please no	annot apply for federal financial filing requirements, visit e that Texas Residency can only
section. If you have further Texas state priority deadline	n, each item within the applicable section questions, contact the financial aid offi e for many institutions of higher educatio pplication and any other required docum	ce at your institution. on is March 15, 2018 fo	or the 2018-19 award year. It is re	commended that applicants
STEP ONE: STUDENT INF	ORMATION (See Notes for questions 5	5-6)		
1. Last Name		2. First Name		3. M.I.
4. Date of Birth	5. Social Security Number or DACA # or Not Applicable	e 🗆	6. College Stude	ent ID
7. Permanent Mailing Addr	ess			
8. City	9. State	10. Zip Code	11. Phone Number	
12. Email Address		Altern	ate Email:	

COLLEGE SCHOLARSHIP SERVICE



CSS PROFILE

Non-federal financial aid over 400 colleges/universities.

All students can complete the application

Not required by all <u>institutions*</u>

\$25 Initial application fee, \$16 for Additional Reports*

For eligible students, the CSS Profile waiver will cover **ALL** applications and reporting fees.

Collegeboard Account Required

CHECK YOUR KNOWLEDGE

Name one requirement students need to complete the FAFSA, TASFA, and or the CSS Profile?

SUBMITTED, NOW WHAT?

- Verify that financial aid application has been processed successfully
- Review Student Aid Report (SAR) for EFC or mistakes
- Follow-up with each college to verify that all required documents have been submitted
- Apply for independent scholarships
- Wait for financial aid award letter

ADDITIONAL FINANCIAL AID TERMINOLOGY AND PROCESSES

WHAT IS VERIFICATION?

<u>Verification</u> is the process financial aid offices at colleges and universities use to verify that a students FAFSA information is accurate.

50% - 70% of students are Verified* within HISD.

If you are **selected** for verification, then you will see an asterisk (*) next to your EFC.

Follow these steps if selected for verification*...

- Get a tax transcript asap at the IRS Tax Office or IRS.gov
- Keep your financial information together and respond to any verification requests from colleges/universities in a timely manner
- Update FAFSA, using the IRS Data Retrieval Tool (DRT) to decrease the chances of being selected for verification!

NO FOLLOW UP

=
NO FINANCIAL AID

REVIEW STUDENT AID REPORT

Expected Family Contribution will be given to students upon submitting their FAFSA.

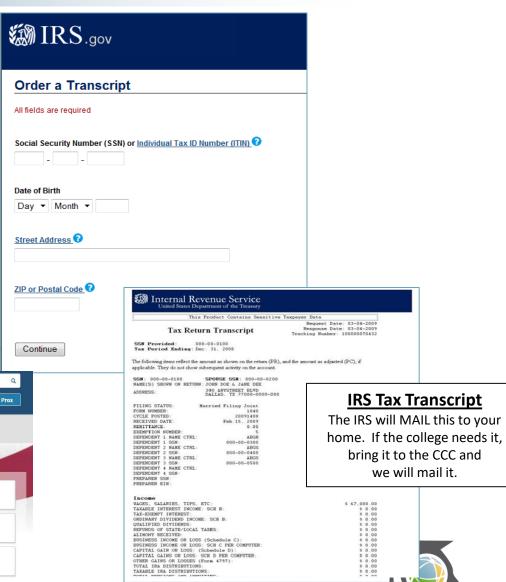


ORDERING TAX TRANSCRIPT

- Tax transcripts may be required for some schools
- College will email you to let you know if you need to send a tax transcript
- Request one ASAP

IRS website: www.irs.gov





SCHOLARSHIPS FOR DREAMERS/UNDOCUMENTED STUDENTS

- Undocumented students cannot legally receive federal student financial aid of any form, including loans, grants and scholarships. However, scholarships are available to help undocumented students pursue their dreams of going to college.
- It may take some research but there are scholarships ranging from academic to need based scholarships.
- Make sure to reach out to your College Counselor and College & Career Readiness Advisor so they can provide resources and steps to college access and affordability!

HELPFUL RESOURCES

- HISD FAFSA Website
 - http://hisd-fafsa.org
- HISD College Readiness Naviance
 - https://www.houstonisd.org/Page/108553
- College for All Texans
 - www.collegeforallteans.com
- Federal Student Aid
 - www.studentaid.ed.gov
- College Board
 - www.collegeboard.org
- ApplyTX Application
 - www.applytexas.org
- The CommonApp
 - www.commonapp.org



A GLOBAL DISTRICT IN A GLOBAL CITY

THANK YOU

HOUSTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT